GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
HOME AFFAIRS
LOK SABHA

STARRED QUESTION NO:28
ANSWERED ON:06.07.2004
ILLEGAL BANGLADESHI MIGRANTS IN DELHI
Choudhary Shri Nikhil Kumar;Singh Shri Prabhunath

Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) whether illegal Bangladeshi migrants are involved in many of the heinous crimes/dacoities in Delhi;

(b) if so, the details of the cases reported during last three years till date;

(c) whether it is a fact that more than 13 lakh illegal Bangladeshi nationals are living in Delhi and Delhi Police has shown its inability to deport them;

(d) if so, the reasons therefor;

(e) the number of such illegal migrants deported from Delhi during the said period; and

(f) the steps taken by the Government to deal with the problem?

Answer

MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI S. REGHUPATHY)

(a) to (f): A statement is laid on the Table of the House.
STATEMENT REFERRED TO IN REPLY TO THE LOK SABHA STARRED QUESTION NO. 28 FOR 6TH JULY, 2004.

(a) & (b): The number of cases of crime reported in Delhi during the last three years and upto 30th June, 2004 in which persons of Bangladeshi origin were involved are given below:

S.NO.	Crime Head	Number of cases			
		2001	2002	2003	2004 (upto 30th June)
1	Murder	2	1	2	2
2	Atempt to murder	1	1	0	1
3	Dacoity	1	6	6	3
4	Robbery	1	2	3	5
5	Snatching	1	0	0	0
6	Riot	0	1	0	0
7	Rape	1	0	0	0
	Total	7	11	11	11

(c) & (d): As the identification of illegal foreign migrants is a continuing process, the precise number of such persons residing in Delhi is not known. However, Delhi Police has been making earnest efforts to identify such illegal migrants and deport them.

(e): The number of illegal Bangladeshi migrants deported from Delhi during the last three years and upto 30th June, 2004 is indicated below:

Year	Number of persons deported

2001 - 262
2002 - 2987
2003 - 5760
2004(upto 30th June, 2004) - 3274

Total 12,283

(f): The steps taken by the Government to deal with the problem include raising of additional Battalions of Border Security Force, reduction in gaps between the border outposts, intensification of patrolling both on the land and the riverine border, accelerated program of construction of border roads and fencing along the Indo-Bangladesh border in the states of Assam, Meghalaya, Mizoram, Tripura and West Bengal, increase in the number of outpost towers, provision of surveillance equipments, taking up the matter with the Government of Bangladesh, issuance of directions to the State Governments and Union Territory Administrations to enforce the provisions of the Foreigners Act, 1946 {Illegal Migrants (Determination by Tribunals) Act, 1983 in the case of Assam} strictly. In addition, Delhi Police has constituted ten special teams to identify and deport illegal Bangladeshi migrants from Delhi, maintain surveillance over the activities of Bangladeshis previously involved or suspected to be involved in criminal activities; and share such information with neighbouring states in the inter-states coordination committee meetings.